Dhaka Bank Cash-2018

Question-01: A depositor deposited 4000 at x% and 5000 at y% and earned 320 as interest. if he could deposit 5000 at x% and 4000 at y% then he would earn 310. what is value of x and y.

[Dhaka Bank Cash-2018][Basic Bank AM-2018]

Solution:

According to the question, 4000× x/100+5000×y/100=320 40x+50y=320Or, 4x+5y=32----(1) In the same way (5000*x)/100+(4000*y)/100=310Or, 5x+4y=31----(2) By doing (1)*5-(2)*4=» 20x+25y=16020x+16y=124Or, 9y=36 Or,y=4Putting value of y in equation (1) 4x + 5*4=32Or, x=3So the value of (x,y)=(3,4)

Question-2:Selling 12 candies at a price of tk 10 yields a loss of x% and selling 12 candies at a price of tk 12 yields a profit of x% ...What is the value of x? [South East Bank PO-2017]

[Dhaka Bank Cash-2018]

Solution:

Ans: (3,4)

Let, 12 candies cost price= Tk 100 x% loss selling price=(100-x) Selling price(100-x) then cp 100 tk sp 10. " {(100*10)/(100-x)} x% profit selling price=(100+x) tk
Selling price tk(100+x) then cp tk100
Sp. 12. " {(100*12)/(100+x)}
According to the question,
{(100*10)/(100-x)}={(100*12)/(100+x)}
Or, x=9.09 So, the value of X is 9.09 **Answer:** 9.09

BKB-SO-2017

1: A man deposits 5000 tk. at 5% annual interest for six months. In every six months he withdraws tk.500 from his principal plus interest earned. What is the total amount of interest he received?

[BKB SO -2017][SEBL PO-2017]

Solution:

Given that.

Rate of interest is 5%

Since Interest Rate is semiannual,

=5/2=2.5%

So,

The total amount of Interest rate

he receive against Tk 5000

- = Tk. $(2.5\% \times 5000 + 2.5\% \times 4500 + 2.5\% \times 4000 + 2.5\% \times 3500 + 2.5\% \times 3000 + 2.5\% \times 2500$
- $+2.5\% \times 2000 + 2.5\% \times 1500 + 2.5\% \times 1000 + 2.5\% \times 500$
- = Tk. 2.5% × 27500 = Tk. 687.5 Tk. Answer: 687.5 Tk
- 2: A man interest and wages from his investment tk. 5000. If he invests double then the wages increased 50% and total amount is tk. 8000. What is his actual income in terms of wages and interest?

[BKB SO -2017]

Solution:

Let, Interest be Tk. X and Wages be Tk. Y

According to the Question,

X + Y = 5000

Or, X = 5000-Y----(1)

When investment is doubled then interest will be doubled

So,

2x +150% of Y=8000

.:.Y=4000

From equation (I), X + 4000 = 5000 ... X = 1000

Answer: Interest= Tk.1000 and wages= Tk. 4000.

3: 20 workers can finish a work in 30 days. After how many days should 5 workers leave the job so the work is completed in 35 days?

[BKB SO -2017][SBC AM -2016]

Solution:

Let,

After x days 5 men should leave

 $20 \ workers \ do \ in \ 30 \ days \ 1 \ part$

20:::::1/30

20 ::::::x/30

Now

worker Remaining=(20-5)=15

Day left = (35-x)

And

Suppose,

Total portion of work be =1

then,

20 men in 30 d. do 1 part

1 " 1 " " 1/20*30

15 men 35-x "

$$\frac{15*(35-X)}{20*30}$$

According to the question,

$$\frac{X}{30} + \frac{15*(35-X)}{20*30} = 1$$

x = 15

Answer:15 days

4: A man goes to his office at a certain time. If his waking speed is 5 kmh then he is 7 minutes late. When his speed is 6 kmh he reaches 5 minutes before. How far his office from his house? [BKB SO -2017]

Solution:

Let,

Total distance between home to office be X km

According to the Question,

X/5 - 7/60 = x/6 + 5/60 [Time=distance/Speed]

Or, X/5 - x/6 = 5/60 + 7/60

 \therefore X= 6 km

Answer: 6 km

5: In a mixture the ratio of apples, peaches and grapes is 6:5:2. If the total mixture is 39 pounds then what is the difference between apples and grapes?

[BKB SO -2017]

Solution:

Given that,

The ratio of Apples, Peaches and Grapes = 6:5:2

- .:. The sum of the ratio
- = (6+5+2) = 13
- ... The quantity of Apple

```
= (39 \times 6/13) = 18 pounds

...The quantity of Grapes

= (39 \times 2/13) = 6 pounds ...The more pounds of apple than grape = (18-6) = 12 Pounds

Answer:12 pounds
```

➤ South East Bank PO-2017

6.Selling 12 candies at a price of tk 10 yields a loss of x% and selling 12 candies at a price of tk 12 yields a profit of x% ..What is the value of x?

[South East Bank PO-2017]

Solution:

Let.

12 candies cost price= Tk 100

x% loss selling price=(100-x)

Selling price(100-x) then cp 100 tk sp 10. " {(100*10)/(100-x)}

x% profit selling price=(100+x) tk Selling price tk(100+x) then cp tk100Sp. 12. " $\{(100*12)/(100+x)\}$

According to the question, {(100*10)/(100-x)}={(100*12)/(100+x)} Or, x=9.09 So,the value of X is 9.09 Answer:9.09

2: A man deposits 5000 tk. at 5% annual interest for six months. In every six months he withdraws tk.500 from his principal plus interest earned. What is the total amount of interest he received?[BKB SO -2017][SEBL PO-2017]

Solution:

Given that,

Rate of interest is 5%

Since Interest Rate is semiannual,

=5/2=2.5%

So,

The total amount of Interest rate

he receive against Tk 5000

- = Tk. $(2.5\% \times 5000 + 2.5\% \times 4500 + 2.5\% \times 4000 + 2.5\% \times 3500 + 2.5\% \times 3000 + 2.5\% \times 2500$
- $+2.5\% \times 2000 + 2.5\% \times 1500 + 2.5\% \times 1000 + 2.5\% \times 500$
- = Tk. 2.5% × 27500 = Tk. 687.5 Tk. Answer: 687.5 Tk

IBBL ATO/CASH -2017 English Version:

1.The length of a rectangle flower garden is 60 meter & breadth is 40 meter.For nursing the garden,there has two concrete crossroads with 5 meter width all along its length and the breadth right at the middle of garden

[IBBL ATO/CASH -2017 English Version]

a)Determine the area of the road?

Solution:

Length of the garden=60 meters Breadth of the garden=40 meters

[Where the two roads cross each other which length=width= 5 meters]

We know,

The area of the road

= (Length of garden*Length of crossroad)+ (Breadth of garden*Width of crossroad)- (Length of crossroad* Width of crossroad)

```
={60*5+40*5-5*5}
= 475 sq.meters.
```

b)How much cost to build with cement two concrete crossroads ;if each square meter is required tk 240?

Solution:

Cost of two concrete crossroads

=Tk.(475*240)=Tk.114000

Ans: a) 475 sq. meters; b) Tk.114000

2.A merchant sold a article for Tk 482 there is a certain amount profit and sold the same article for Tk 318 loss incur equal to the previous profits. What is the selling price of the article, If the merchant sold the article at 40% profits?

[IBBL ATO/CASH -2017 English Version]

Solution:

Cost of the Article is =Tk. X

Sold the article for Tk 482, Profit=Tk.(482-x)

Sold the article for Tk 318, Loss=Tk.(x-318)

[Profit=Loss]

According to the question,

(482-x)=(x-318)

So, x = 400

➤ Agrani Bank Senior Officer-2017

1.A dishonest merchant make a 15% profit at the time of buying and a 10% loss at the time of selling the goods. By doing so if the said merchant made a profit of Tk. 3500 on a particular item, what was the real cost of the item sold

[Agrani Bank Senior Officer-2017]

Solution-1:

Let,

Cost Price=X Tk

15% profit on cost price

Then market price=X + X of 15%

=1.15 X Tk

Again 10% loss on market price

Then Selling price

=1.15x - 1.15x of 10%

=1.035x Tk

Now profits=Selling - Cost Price

=(1.035x - x) Tk

=0.035x Tk

When,

Profit.035x Tk then Cost Price=X Tk

-----3500Tk-----

=[(3500*x)/.035x]

=1,00,000 Tk

Answer:1,00,000 Tk

Solution-2

Let, cost price = 100 Tk.

At 15% profit the market price of the product will be=100+15=115 Tk.

At 10% loss, the sales price will be=115-(115*10%)=Tk. 103.5 Tk.

So profit = 103.5-100=3.5 Tk.

Now,

when profit 3.5 Tk. then cost 100 Tk.

when profit 3500 Tk. then cost (100/3.5)*3500=1,00,000 Tk.

So, real cost is Tk. 1,00,000 (Ans.)

2. A alone can do a piece of work in 30 days, while B alone can do it in 15 days & C alone can do it in 10 days. If in every second day B and in every third day C help A in doing the work, how many days will be required to complete the whole work?

[BKB SO-2015][Agrani Bank SO-2017] Solution:1

Solution.

Let,

```
Total work=1 portion
LCM of 2 & 3=6
Per 6 days A work= 6 days
Per 6 days B work=(6/2)=3 days
Per 6 days C work=(6/3)=2 days
So,
6 days (A+B+C)'s work
=(6/30+3/15+2/10) portion
=3/5 portion
Remaining work
=(1-3/5) portion
=2/3 portion
After 2 days(A+B)'s work
=(2/30+1/15)portion
=2/15 portion
[Every second days B help A]
Remaining work
=(2/5-2/15) portion
=4/15 portion
Total time=(6+2)=8 days
9th day(A+C) work
=(1/30+1/10) portion
=2/15 portion
Remaining work
=(4/15-2/15)portion
=2/15 portion
Another 2 days(A+B)'s work
=(2/30+1/15) portion
=2/15 portion
Remaining work
=(2/15-2/15)
=0
So total time taken to finish the work=(9+2)=11 days
Answer:11 days
Solution:2
এখানে.
২ ও ৩ এর ল সা গু =৬
বলে প্রথমে ৬ দিনের কাজ বের করব। ক,খ,গ একএে প্রথম ৬ দিনে মোট কাজ করে
=(७/৩०)+(৩/১৫)+২/১০)
=৩/৫ অংশ
বাকী কাজ =(১-৩/৫)
= ২/৫ অংশ
যেহেতু ২/৩<৩/৫
ক,খ্র্ল একএে পরবর্তী ৩দিনে মোট কাজ করে =(৩/৩০+১/১৫+১/১০) অংশ
=8/১৫ অংশ
বাকী কাজ=(২/৫-৪/১৫)
```

=২/১৫ অংশ।
আবার ২/১৫<৪/১৫ বলে
ক পরবর্তী একদিনে যেহেতু ১/৩০ অংশ কাজ করে
তাই বাকী কাজ =(২/১৫-১/৩০)
=১/১০ অংশ এখন ক, খ একএে করবে ১/১০ অংশ কাজ সুতরাং ক, খ একএে ১ দিনে কাজ করে =(১/৩০+১/১৫)=১/১০ কাজ বাকি কাজ:(১/১০-১/১০)=0

মোট সময় =৬+৩+১+১=১১ দিন

Answer:11 days

3.Two trains ,one from Dhaka and another from chittagong simultaneously started to proceed towards each other at the speed of 16 km and 21 km per hour respectively. As the trains met each other it was found that one train travelled 60 km more than the other. Calculate the distance between Dhaka to Chittagong. [Agrani Bank Senior Officer-2017] Solution:

Let,

Two trains met each other 't' hrs later First trair covered=(16*t) km
Second train covered=(21*t)km
Differences of distance two trains
=60 km
According to the question,
21t-16t=60
Or, 5t=60
Or, t=12
Total distance Dhaka to Chittagong
=(16*12+21*12)
=444 km
Answer:444 km

4.Sakib and Labib individually borrowed different amount of money from a particular bank on the same day at rate of 20% simple interest. The total money paid by Sakib in 3 years as principal plus interest was the same amount Labib paid in 2 years as principal plus interest. Find the ratio of their individual loan amount. [Agrani Bank Senior Officer-2017]

[Sonali Bank Senior Officer-2015] Solution: Sakib and Labib borrowed amount X & Y Tk respectively According to the question, X+ X of 20%*3=Y+Y of 20%*2 Or,X+0.6 X =Y +0.4Y Or, 1.6 X=1.4Y Or, X:Y=1.4:1.6 or 7:8 Answer:7:8 5.The perimeter of a square is equal to the perimeter of rectangle. The lenght of the rectangle is three times longer than its width having total area of 1200 sq.meter. what will be the total cost cost if the total area of the square is covered with stones having a dimension of 50 centimeter square each & if tk.50 is charged for placing a stone in the square?

[Agrani Bank Senior Officer-2017]

[Sonali Bank Senior Officer-2015]

Solution:

Let.

Breadth of rectangle=x m

And length of Rectangle= 3x m

According to the question,

 $3x^2 = 1200$

x = 20

Length of rectangle = 60m

Perimeter of rectangular

= 2(60+20)=160m

As per question,

Perimeter of rectangular= perimeter of squire = 160m

Side of square = 160/4

=40m or 4000 cm

area of square =(4000*4000)sq.cm

Square of stone

 $= (50)^2$

= 2500 sq.cm

number of stones = (4000*4000)/2500=6400

Total cost = 6400*50=320000

Answer:3,20,000 Tk

NOTE:৫০ সে.মি বর্গ অর্থ বর্গের একটি বাহুর দৈঘ্য ৫০ সে.মি।

SBC AM-2016

1.একজন দোকানদার ৬% ক্ষতিতে একটি দ্রব্য বিক্রয় করিল। যদি দ্রব্যটির ক্রয়মূল্য ৪% কম হইতো এবং বিক্রয়মূল্য ৪ টাকা বেশি হইতো, তাহা হইলে তাহার ১২.৫% লাভ হইতো। দ্রব্যটির ক্রয়মূল্য কত?

[SBC AM-2016]

Solution:

৬% লাভে বিক্রয়মূল্য

=(১০০+৬) =১০৬টাকা

এবং ৪% কমে ক্রয়মল্য

=(১০০-৪) = ৯৬ টাকা

১২.৫% লাভে বিক্রয়মূল্য,

ক্রয়মল্য ১০০ টাকা হলে বিক্রয়মল্য ১১২.৫ টাকা

ক্রয়মূল্য ১ টাকা হলে বিক্রয়মূল্য ১১২.৫/১০০ টাকা

ক্রয়মূল্য ৯৬ টাকা হলে বিক্রয়মূল্য ১১২.*৯৬/১০০ = ১০৮ টাকা

সূতরাং, বিক্রয়মূল্য এর পার্থক্য

=(১০৮ -১০৬) = ২ টাকা

যখন বিক্রয়মূল্য ২ টাকা বেশি হয় তখন ক্রয়মূল্য = ১০০ টাকা যখন বিক্রয়মূল্য ১ টাকা বেশি হয় তখন ক্রয়মূল্য = ১০০/২ টাকা যখন বিক্রয়মূল্য ৪ টাকা বেশি হয় তখন ক্রয়মূল্য = (১০০*৪/২) = ২০০ টাকা

উত্তর : ২০০ টাকা

2: 20 workers can finish a work in 30 days. After how many days should 5 workers leave the job so the work is completed in 35 days?[BKB SO -2017][SBC AM -2016] Solution:

Let.

After x days 5 men should leave 20 workers do in 30 days 1 part

20. " 1 " 1/30

x " 1 " x/30

Now

worker Remaining=(20-5)=15

Day left = (35-x)

And

Suppose

Total portion of work be =1

then,

20 men in 30 d. do 1 part

1 " 1 " " 1/20*30

15 men 35-x " {15*(35-x)/20*30}

According to the question,

x/30+15*(35-x)/20*30=1

x=15

Answer:15 days

3.2x - (2/x) = 3, then the value of

 x^2 + 1/ x^2 Answer:1/4

> SBC JO-2016

1. একটি অডিটরিয়ামে সারিতে সজ্জিত মোট ৬১৬টি আসন আছে।প্রতি সারিত আসন সংখ্যা মো সারির সংখ্যার চেয়ে ৬টি বেশি হলে, প্রতি সরিতে আসন সংখ্যা নির্ণয় করুন।[SBC JO-2016]

Total row be x

So, each row contains seat be(x+6)

According to the question,

x(x+6)=616

========

========

Or, (x+28)(x-22)=0

Either,

x+28=0

Or, x=-28[It is not acceptable]

Or,

X-22=0

Or, x=22

Hence, Each row contains (22+6)=28 seat Answer: 28

2. প্রতি ডজন কলা ২৪ টাকায় ক্রয় করে প্রতি কুড়ি কি দরে বিক্রয় করলে ২৫% লাভ হবে?[SBC JO-2016] Solution: Given that, 12 bananas cost price 24 tk 25% profit selling price 125 tk Cost price 100 tk then selling price 125 tk

Cost price 24 tk then selling price {(125*24)/100} =30 tk So.

12 bananas selling price 30 tk

20 bananas selling price {(30*20)/12}

=50 TK

Answer:50 TK

3. x^2 -(7x/3)-2=0 find the value of x [SBC JO-2016]

Answer: 3 or -2/3

Sonali Bank Senior Officer-2014

1.মনিষা ও মাইশা একই ব্যাংক থেকে একই দিনে ২০% সরল মুনাফায় আলাদা আলাদা পরিমাণ ঋণ গ্রহণ করে। মনিষা ৩ বছর পর মুনাফা আসলে যত পরিশোধ করে, মাইশা ২ বছরে মুনাফা আসলে তত পরিশোধ করে । তাদের ঋণের অনুপাত কত?

[Sonali Bank Senior Officer-2014]

সমাধান:

ধরি .

মনিষা ঋণ নিয়েছিল=x টাকা মাইষা ঋণ নিয়েছিল=y টাকা ২০% মুনাফায় মণিষার ক্ষেএে, ৩ বছরের সুদ

 $= \{(20*0*x)/500\}$

=৩ x/৫ টাকা

এবং সুদাসল={x+(৩ x/৫)}=৮ x/৫ টাকা

মাইসার ক্ষেএে ২ বছেরর মুনাফা, ={(২০*২*y)/১০০}=২ y/৫ টাকা এবং সুদাসল ={(২ y/৫)+y}=৭ y/৫ টাকা

শর্তমতে, ৮ x/৫=৭ y/৫ বা, ৮ x = ৭ y বা,x:y=৭:৮ ঋণের অনুপাত ৭:৮ উওর:৭:৮

2.এক ব্যক্তি মাসিক বেতনে চাকরি করেন। বছর শেষে নির্দিষ্ট Increment (বেতন বৃদ্ধি) পান। ৪ বছর পর তার ৩৫০০ টাকা এবং ১০ বছর পর ৪২৫০ টাকা হলে, তার মাসিক কত টাকা বেতন চাকরি মূরু হয় এবং বার্ষিক Increment কত ?

[Sonali Bank Senior Officer-2014]
মনে করি,
ঐ ব্যক্তি চাকুরি শুরু হয়=x টাকায়
এবং বাষিক increment= y টাকা
৪ বছরে increment হয় =8 y টাকা
১০ বছরে increment হয় =১০ y "
x + ১০ y=৪২৫০-----(1)
x+ 8 y=৩৫০০-----(2)

(-) ৬ y =৭৫০ বা, y =১২৫

(1) নং এ বসিয়ে পাই, x+ 8*১২৫=৩৫০০ বা, x =৩০০০ উত্তর : চাকুরি শুরু হয় ৩০০০ টাকায়, Increament ১২৫ টাকা।

3.একটি বর্গক্ষেত্রের পরিসীমা একটি আয়তক্ষেত্রের পরিসীমার সমান। আয়তক্ষেত্রের দৈর্ঘ্য প্রস্থের ৩ গুণ এবং ক্ষেত্রফল ১২০০ বর্গমিটার। প্রতিটি ৫০ cm বর্গকার পাথর দিয়ে বর্গক্ষেত্রটি বাঁধাতে মোট কতটি পাথর লাগবে ?

[Sonali Bank Senior Officer-2014]

সমাধান:

মনে করি.

আয়তক্ষেত্রের প্রস্থ x মি আয়তক্ষেত্রের দৈর্ঘ্য ৩ x মি শর্তমতে,

oo\$ሪ=[⊱] x ღ

বা,x ^২=৪০০

বা,x=২০

সূতরাং,

আয়তক্ষেত্রের প্রস্থ ২০ মি

আয়তক্ষেত্রের দৈর্ঘ্য ৬০ মি আয়তক্ষেত্রের পরিসীমা

=২(৬০+২০)=১৬০ মি

যেহেতু একটি বর্গক্ষেত্রের পরিসীমা একটি আয়তক্ষেত্রের পরিসীমার সমান

সুতরাং বর্গক্ষেত্রের পরিসীমা =১৬০ মি এবং বর্গক্ষেত্রের একবাহু ৪০ মি তাই বর্গক্ষেত্রের ক্ষেত্রফল =(৪০*৪০)=১৬০০ বর্গমি প্রতিটি পাথরের দৈর্ঘ্য ৫০ সে.মি =০.৫ মি. প্রতিটি পাথরের ক্ষেত্রফল =(০.৫*০.৫)বর্গমি =০.২৫ বর্গমি.

সুতরাং প্রতিটি ৫০ cm বর্গকার পাথর দিয়ে বর্গক্ষেত্রটি বাঁধাতে মোট পাথর লাগবে=১৬০০/০.২৫ =৬৪০০ টি উওর:৬৪০০ টি

Sonali Bank Officer-2014

1.১৩.৫% মুনাফায় কত টাকা ৫ বছরে মুনাফা আসলে ৮৩৭৫ টাকা হবে? কত বছরে ঐ টাকা মুনাফা আসলে ১০৪০০ টাকা হবে ?

[Sonali Bank Officer-2014]

Solution:

For 13.5% interest,

Tk. 100 one year interest 13.5 tk

Tk. 100 5 years interest (13.5*5)

=67.5 tk

So, Amount=(100+67.5)=167.5 tk

When amount 167.5 tk then principal 100 tk

When amount 8375 tk then principal= $\{(100*8375)/167.5\}$

=5000 tk

Second Case:

Amount be =10400 tk

So, Principal=(10400-5000)=5400 tk

Again,

Tk 100 one year interest 13.5 tk

Tk 5000 one year interest

 $=\{(5000*13.5)/100\}=675 \text{ tk}$

Tk. 675 interest from 1 year

Tk 5400 interest from

=(5400/675)=8 years

Answer: 8 Years

2:এক অসাধু ব্যবসায়ী একটি দ্রব্যের ক্রয় ও বিক্রয় উভয় ক্ষেত্রেই ১০% লাভ করায় তার মোট ৬৩০ টাকা লাভ হয়, তা হলে উক্ত দ্রব্যটির ক্রয়মূল্য কত ছিল?

[Sonali Bank officer -2014]

[Same As SEBL-2015]

Solution-1:

The market price of 1 unit goods be Tk x

So, 100 units of goods = 100 x Tk

But ,at the time of buying,the merchant paid 100x Tk and received

=(100 + 100 of 10%)

```
=110
```

So, the real cost of 110 units to the merchant

=100 x Tk

At the time of selling, the merchant charged

=110x/100

So,

Sold of 110 units

=110*(110x/100)

=121x Tk

Net profit,

=121x-100x

=21x Tk

According to the question,

21x=630

Or, x = 30 Tk

So,

The real cost price of the product

=100*30

=3000 Tk

Answer:3000 Tk

Solution-2:

Let,

Cost Price=X Tk

10% profit on cost price Then market price

=X + X of 10%

=1.1 X Tk

Again 10% profits on market price

Then Selling price

=1.1x + 1.1x of 10%

=1.21x Tk

Now profits=Selling - Cost Price

=(1.21x - x) Tk

=0.21x Tk

When,

Profit .21x Tk then Cost Price=X Tk

-----630 Tk-----

=[(630*x)/.21x]

=3000 Tk

Solution-3:

Let,

Cost Price of the article=100 Tk

10% profit on cost price then

Market price=(100 + 100 of 10%)

=110 Tk

```
Again,
10% profits on market price then selling price=(110+110 of 10%) Tk
=121 Tk
Now.
Profit=(121-100)=21 Tk
When
Profit 21 Tk then Cost Price=100 tk
-----630 Tk -----
=[(100*630)/21]
=3000 \text{ Tk}
Answer:3000 Tk
Solution-4:====
Short Cut/MCQ Way
Let, Cost Price=100 Tk
10% profits on both way
Profit
=10+10+[(10*100)/100]
=21 Tk
Profit 21 then CP = 100 TK
-----630 TK ----=[100*630/21]
=3000 \text{ TK}
Answer:3000 Tk
3. 21 মিটার দৈর্ঘ্য ও ১৫ মিটার প্রস্থ বিশিষ্ট একটি বাগানের বাইরের চারদিকে ২ মিটার চওড়া একটি
পথ আছে। প্রতি বর্গমিটার ২৫ টাকা হিসেবে পথটিতে ঘাস লাগাতে মোট কত টাকা খরচ হবে ?
[Sonali Bank Officer-2014]
Solution:
Length of garden with path
=21+2*2=25 meter
Breadth of garden with path
=15+2*2=19 meter
Area of the garden with path
=(25*19)=475 square meter
Area of the garden without path
=(21*15)=315 square meter
Area of the path =(475-315)=160 meter
Total cost to cover the path with grass
=160*25
=4000 \text{ tk}
Answer:4000 tk
```

> Sonali Bank Officer(IT)-2016

1.The salary of Lamia and Farzin in the ratio of 7:5 and total of their salary is tk 12000. If their annual increments are tk 200 and 150 respectively. What will be the ratio of their salary after one year?[Sonali Bank Officer(IT)-2016]

solution

Let,

Salary of Lamia=7x

Salary of Farzin=5x

According to the question,

7x+5x=12000

Or,x=1000

So, after one year salary of

Lamia=7*1000+200=7200

Farzin=5*1000+150=5150

Ratio=7200:5150=144:103

Ans:144:103

2. A man is standing on a railway bridge which is 180 meters long. He finds that a train crosses the bridge in 20 seconds and crosses him in 8 seconds. Find the length of the train and its speed. [Sonali Bank Officer(IT)-2016]

solution-1:

Actually The Train

(20-8)=12 second goes 180 meters

So, The 20 sec goes=[(180*20)/12]

=300 meter

So,Length of train

=(300-180)=120 meter

And

Speed of train

=(120/8)m/s

=[(120/8)*18/5]km/hr

=54 km/hr

Answer:120 meter & 54 km/hr

Solution-2:

Let,

Length of the train =x

According to the question,

(180+x)/20=x/8

=>20x=144+8x

=>12x=1440

=>x=120

Solving equation x=120

Speed=[120*3600/8]

=54000 meter

=54 km

So length =120 meter

speed =54 km/hr

Answer:120 meter & 54 km/hr

3. A man goes upstream at 10 km hr to a place and back downstream to same point at 6 km/hr. What is his average sped his journey [Sonali Bank Officer(IT)-2016]

Solution

Let, distance =30 km [LCM of 10 & 6]

Upstream time

- =30/10
- =3 hours

Downstream time

- =30/6
- =5 hours

Total distance

=30+30=60 km

Total time=5+3=8 hours

Average speed

=60/8=7.5 km/hr

Answer: 7.5 km/hr

=======

4. The sum of the present age of father and son is 50 years, when son's age will be equal to the father's present age then the sum of their age shall be 102, what is father's present age? [Sonali Bank Officer(IT)-2016]

Solution-1:

Let,

Father present age=F years

Son's present age =S years

So

F+S = 50....(1)

When son age equal to father present age the sum of their age=102 years

Total age increased=(102-50)

=52 years

Individual age increased

=52/2=26 years

After 26 years later son's age equal to father age

According to the question,

S+26=F

or, F-S=26----(2)

from Equations 1 & 2

Father =38 years

Son =12 years

Answer:38 years

Solution-2:

Let,

father's age=x

son's age=50-x
Difference of their age=x-(50-x) =2x-50
So after 2x-50 years son age will be equal to father's present age According to the question, x+x+2x-50=102 =>x=38
So father's age=38 years son's age=50-38=12 years
Answer:38 years

5. By selling a table for tk 39 gain is as much percentage as its cost. what is the cost price? [Sonali Bank Officer(IT)-2016]

Solution:

Let,

Cost price =x

x% gain selling price = $x \times x/100$

According to the question,

x + x*x/100=39

 $=> 100x+x^2 = 3900$

 $=> x^2+130x-30x-3900=0$

=> (x+130)(x-30)=0

So, x=-130 [Not accepted]

or

x-30=0

So x=30

The cost price 30 Tk

Answer:30 Tk

➤ Sonali Bank SO(IT)-2016

 $1.\ A$ boat takes 3 hours to travel to a certain distance with the stream, and returns to the original place in 5 hours. How long will it take to travel the same distance in stationary water?

[Sonali Bank SO(IT)-2016]

Solution-1:

Let,

Speed of boat in stationary water=x

Speed of current=y

Downstream Speed=(x+y) km/hr

Upstream Speed=(x-y) km/h

We know,

Distance=speed*time

Downstream distance=3(x+y)

Upstream distance=5(x-y)

According to the question,

3(x+y)=5(x-y)

```
Or,3x+3y=5x-5y
Or,x=4y
Distance=3(x+y)
=3*5y
=15 y
Time taken to the same distance in stationary water
=15y/4y
=3 hrs 45 minutes
Answer:3 hrs 45 minutes
```

Solution-2:

Let, the speed of the boat = x kmph, the speed of the stream = y kmph, and the distance = d km.

According to the question:

$$x+y = d/3$$
 ---- (i) &

ČΧ

$$x-y = d/5$$
 ----- (ii)

$$2x = d/3 + d/5 = 8d/15$$

$$x = 4d/15$$

Required time = Distance/Speed = d/x = d/(4d/15) = 15/4 hrs = 3hrs and 45mins.

Ans: 3 hours and 45 minutes.

2. A man has Tk300000. He invests a part of the amount at 8%, and the remaining amount at 10% p.a. At the end of the year he earns a profit of Tk25600 from his entire investment. Find the amount he invested under each rate.

[Sonali Bank SO(IT)-2016]

Solution:

Suppose,

He invested Tk x at 8% rate.

So, He invested Tk (300000-X) at 10% rate.

According to the question,

0.08X + 0.1(300000-X) = 25600

Or, 0.08X + 30000 - 0.1X = 25600

Or, 0.02X = 4400

Or, X = 4400/0.02

Or, X= 220000

So, he invested Tk220000 at 8% rate,

and Tk(300000-220000) or Tk80000 at

10% rate.

Ans: Tk220000 at 8%, Tk80000 at 10%.

3. M purchased a 30-inch TV whose height was 18 inches. If the size of a TV is expressed as the lengths of its diagonal, find the width of the TV M purchased. [Sonali Bank SO(IT)-2016]

Solution:

Let.

The width of the TV = X inches.

According to the question:

 $X^2 + 18^2 = 30^2$

Or, $X^2 = 900 - 324$

Or, $X^2 = 576$

Or, X = 24

So, the width of the TV is 24 inches.

Ans: 24 inches.

4.The ratio of the girls and boys in a class was 2:5. If two new girls join the class, the ratio becomes 1:2. What was the total number of students in the class?

[Sonali Bank SO(IT)-2016]

Solution:

Let.

the number of girls =2p, the number of boys=5p

And the total number of students in the class=2p+5p=7p

According to the question:

(2p+2):(5p)=1:2

Or, (2p+2)/(5p) = 1/2

Or, 5p = 4p + 4

Or, p = 4

So, the total number of students in the class was = $7 \times 4 = 28$.

Ans: 28

5. How many liters of a solution that is 15% salt must be added to 5 liters of a solution that is 8% salt so that the resulting solution is 10% salt?

[Sonali Bank SO(IT)-2016]

Solution:

Suppose,

X liters of 15% should be added.

According to the question:

15% of $X + 5 \times 0.08 = 10\%$ of (X+5)

Or, 0.15X + 0.4 = 0.10(X+5)

Or, 0.15X + 0.4 = 0.10X + 0.5

Or, 0.15X-0.10X = 0.5 - 0.4

Or, 0.05X = 0.1

Or, 5X = 10 Or, X = 2 Ans: 2 liters.

Janata Bank EO/FA-2015

Question-01: A depositor deposited 4000 at x% and 5000 at y% and earned 320 as interest. if he could deposit 5000 at x% and 4000 at y% then he would earn 310. what is value of x and y. [Dhaka Bank Cash-2018][Basic Bank AM-2018] [Janata Bank EO/FA-2015]

Solution:

According to the question, 4000× x/100+5000×y/100=320 40x+50v=320Or, 4x+5y=32----(1)In the same way (5000*x)/100+(4000*y)/100=310Or, 5x+4y=31----(2)By doing (1)*5-(2)*4=» 20x+25y=160 20x+16y=124Or, 9y = 36Or,y=4Putting value of y in equation (1) 4x + 5*4=32Or. x=3So the value of (x,y)=(3,4)

4: A man goes to his office at a certain time. If his waking speed is 5 kmh then he is 7 minutes late. When his speed is 6 kmh he reaches 5 minutes before. How far his office from his house? [BKB SO -2017] [Janata Bank EO/FA-2015]

Solution:

Ans: (3,4)

Let,

Total distance between home to office be X km According to the Question,

X/5 - 7/60 = x/6 + 5/60 [Time=distance/Speed]

Or, X/5 - x/6 = 5/60 + 7/60

 \therefore X= 6 km Answer: 6 km

Bank Aaia MTO/PO-2015

1.A dishonest merchant make a 10% profit at the time of buying and a 5% loss at the time of selling the goods. By doing so if the said merchant made a profit of Tk. 900 on a particular item, what was the real cost of the item ?[Bank Asia PO/MTO-2015]

Solution:

Let, cost price = 100 Tk.

At 10% profit on cost price then market price of the product will be=100+10=110 Tk. At 5% loss, the sales price will be=110-(110*5%)=Tk. 104.5 Tk. So profit = 104.5-100=4.5 Tk. Now, when profit 4.5 Tk. then cost 100 Tk. when profit 900 Tk. then cost $\{(100/4.5)*900\}=20,000$ tk So, real cost is 20,000 tk(Ans.)

Note:Multiple solution see Sonali Bank

2.What will be the deposited amount at initial stage, if it becomes tk 43,750 the end of 5 years with a simple interest rate of 15% per annum? How many years it will take the same deposite amount to become tk 55,000 tk? [Bank Asia PO/MTO-2015]

15% interest rate 5 years interest be =15*5=75 tk

So,amount be=(100+75)=175 tk

When amount be 175 tk then principal be 100 tk

When amount be 43,750 tk then principal be $\{(100 *43,750)/175\}=25,000$ tk

Second case,

P=25,000 tk

I=55,000-25,000=30,000 tk and r=15%

So T={(30000*100)/(25000*15)}=8

Answer: 8 Years

(All Question Solution and Arranged By Yousuf Ali)